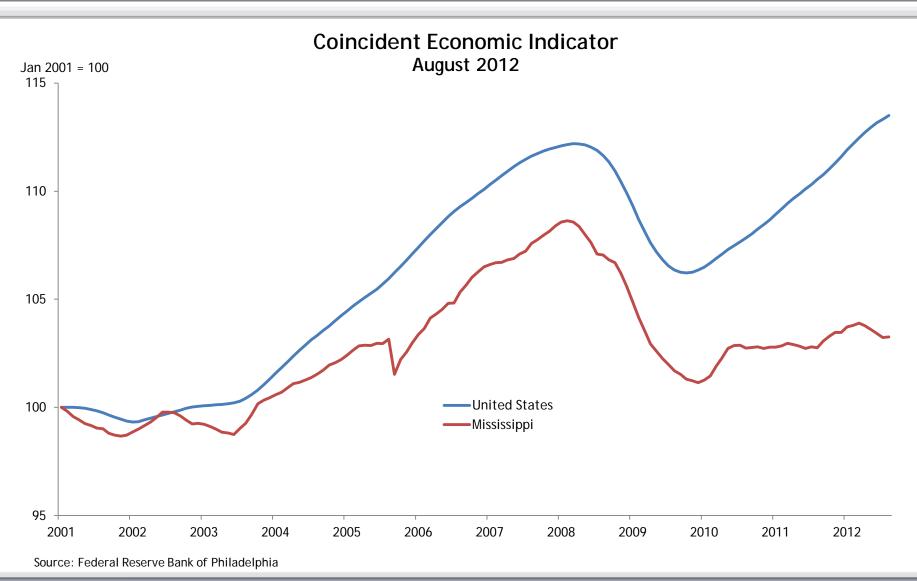


Data Digest: Mississippi

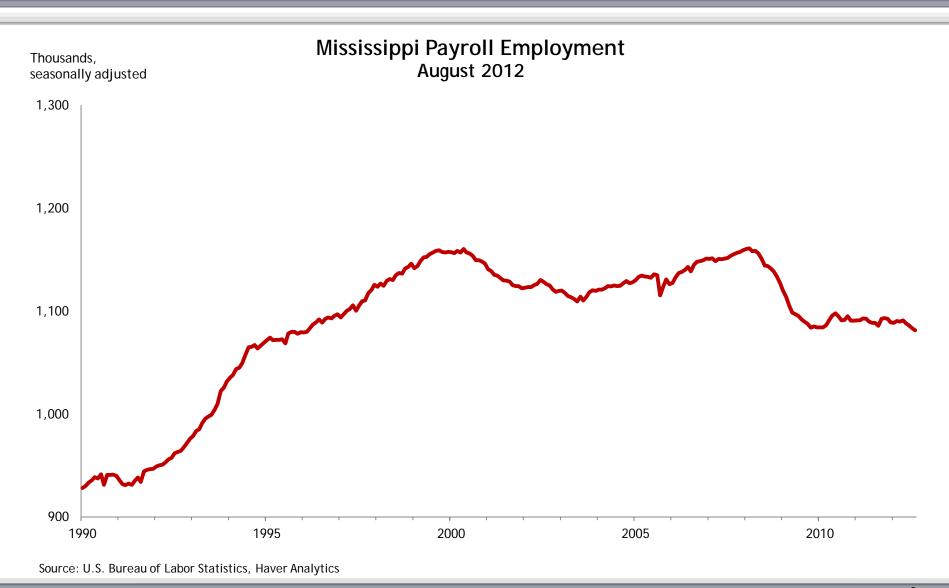
October 2012



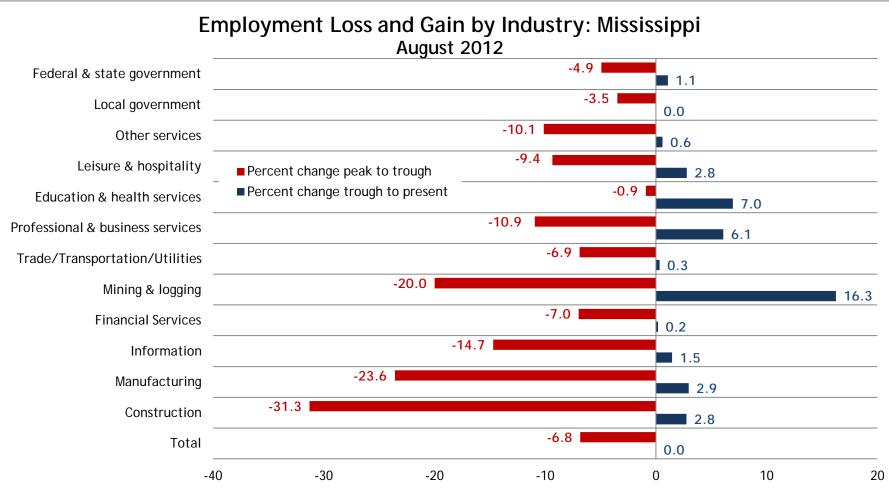
About the Coincident Economic Indicator



Total employment in Mississippi has been basically flat since 2010 and has declined modestly over the last few months.



All industries lost jobs during the economic downturn; construction, manufacturing, and mining and logging saw significant declines. Many sectors have regained jobs, most notably mining and logging. Local government employment continues to decline.

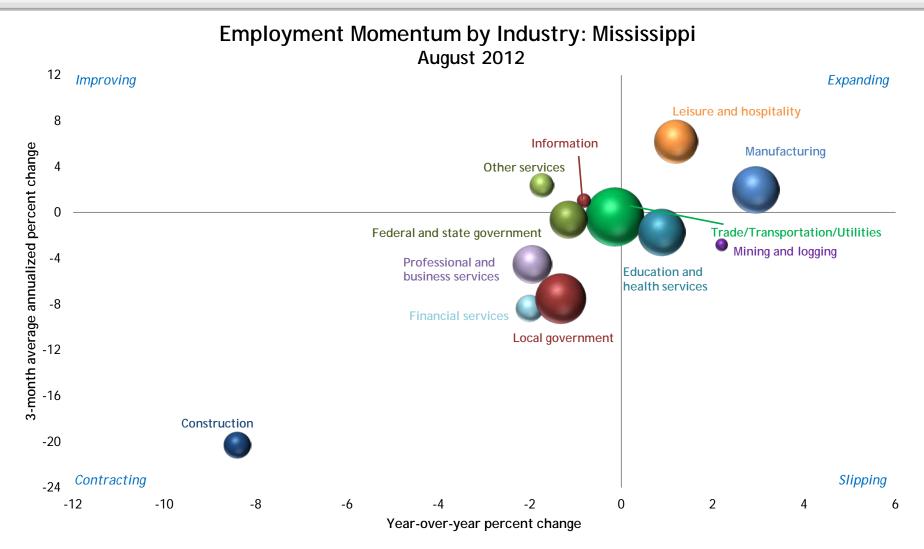


Note: A reading of 0.0 in the "trough to present" measure indicates that employment continues to decline in these industries. Likewise, a reading of 0.0 in the "peak to trough" measure indicates that employment continues to increase in these industries; in this instance "trough to present" is the percent change from January 2007 to present.

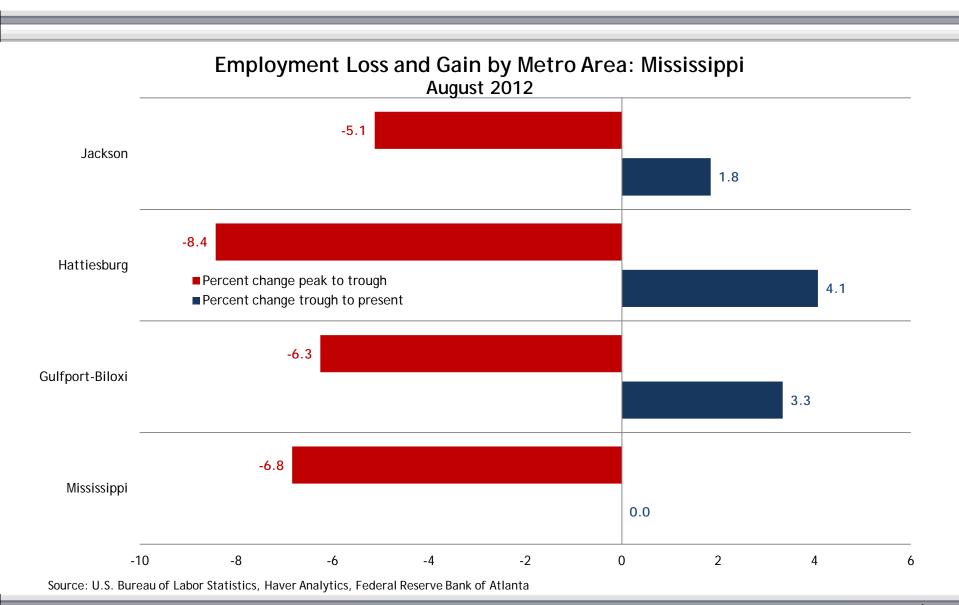
Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Haver Analytics, Federal Reserve Bank of Atlanta

Employment momentum in manufacturing and leisure and hospitality expanded in August. Construction remained especially weak, and momentum in most industries either slipped or contracted.

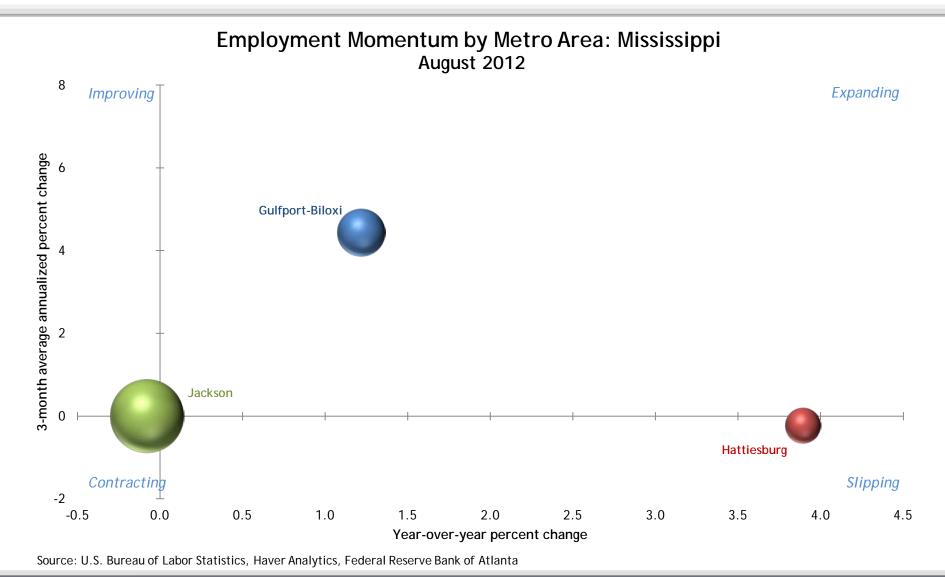
About Employment Momentum



Employment losses in Mississippi and its metro areas were significant, but each of the state's metro areas is slowly recovering.

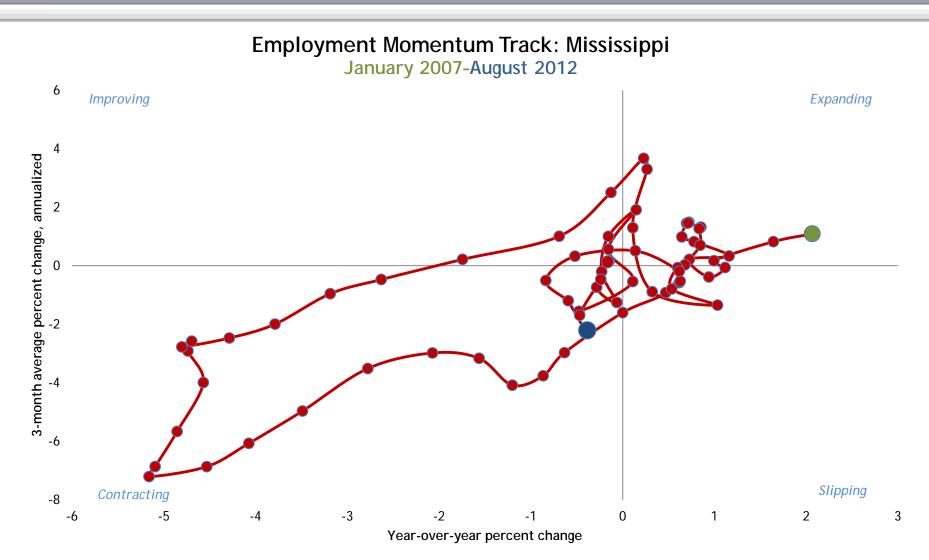


About Employment Momentum



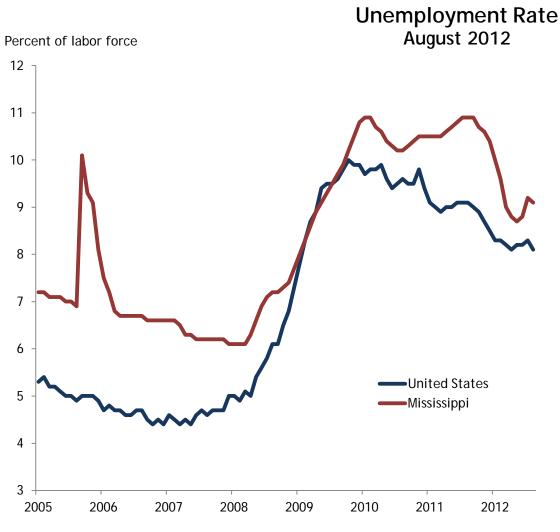
Mississippi's employment momentum began 2011 in the "slipping" quadrant. It has varied since then and fell into the "contracting" quadrant for the first three months of 2012. Momentum moved into the "improving" quadrant in April, but it has contracted since June.

About Employment Momentum Track



Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Haver Analytics, Federal Reserve Bank of Atlanta

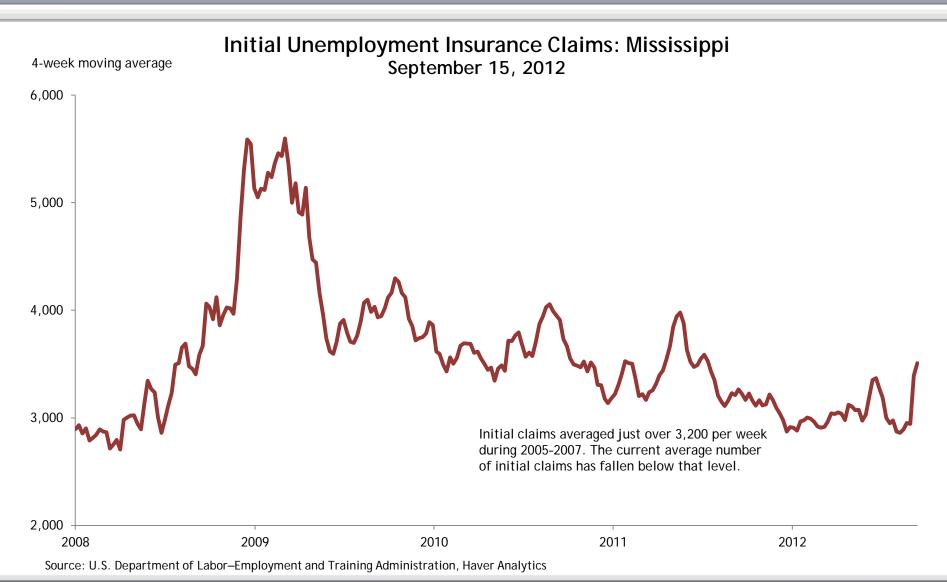
Mississippi's unemployment rate remains higher than the national average, but is below its year-ago rate. The unemployment rates in each of the state's three major metro areas are also below their year-ago rates.



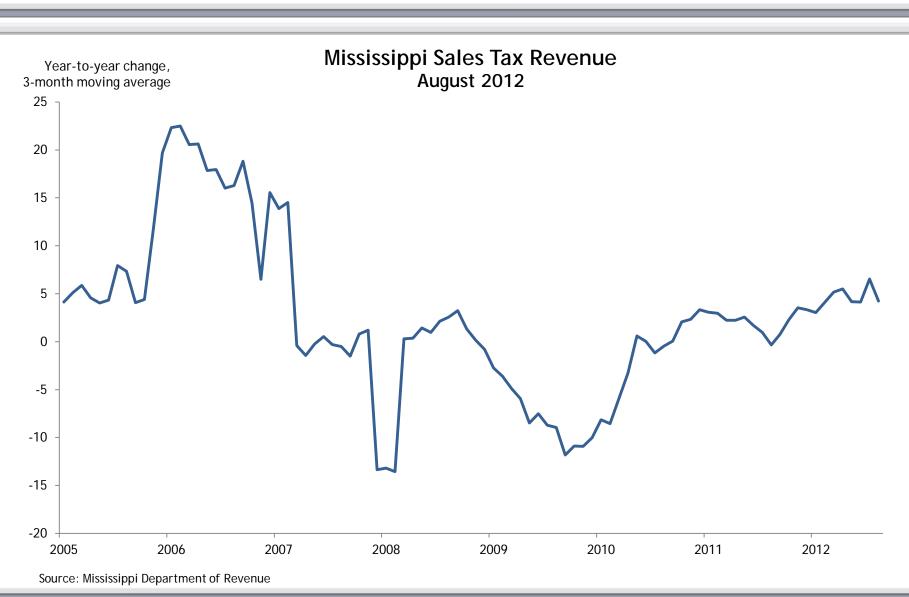
Unemployment Rates				
	Current	Year Ago	Jan 2007	
United States	8.1	9.1	4.6	
Mississippi	9.1	10.9	6.6	
Gulfport-Biloxi	7.6	9.5	6.8	
Hattiesburg	7.3	10.0	5.5	
Jackson	6.7	8.2	5.6	

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Haver Analytics

Initial claims for unemployment insurance in Mississippi declined during the second half of 2011 and remain below the peak number of claims registered during late 2008. The number of initial claims has increased since mid-August, largely as a result of Hurricane Isaac.



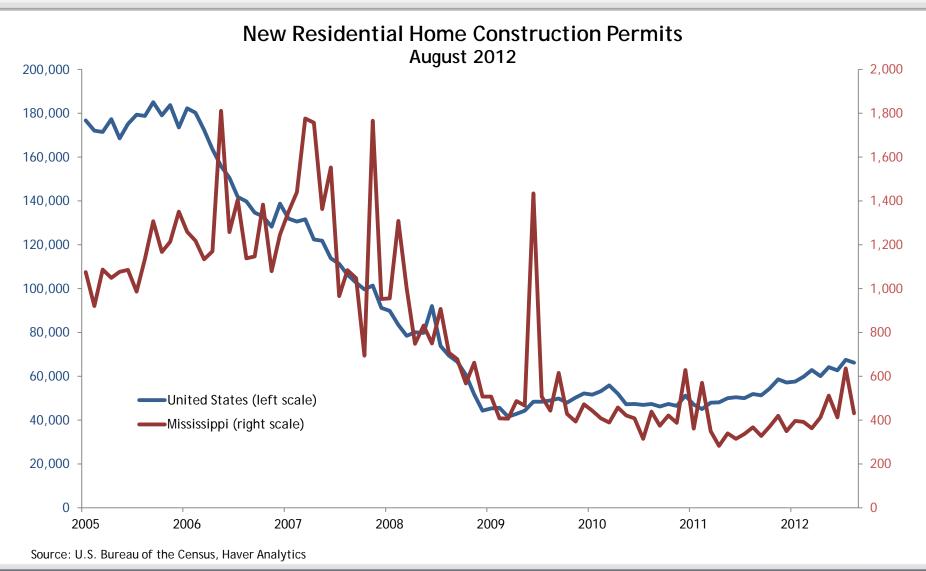
State sales tax revenues for August were above year-ago figures.



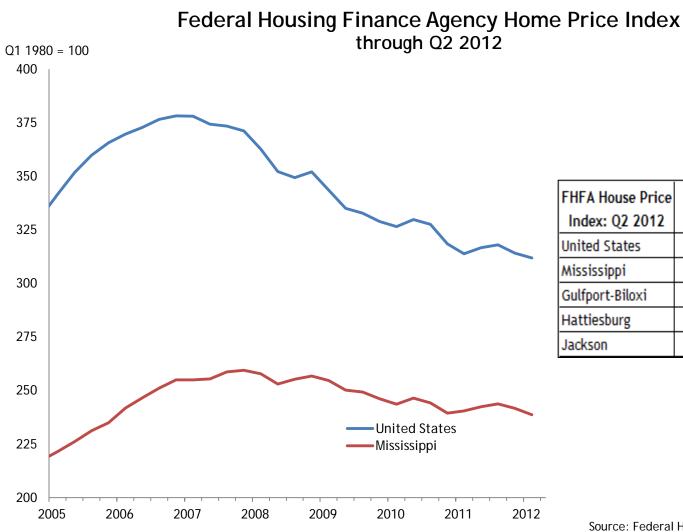
Regional manufacturing activity accelerated in August, according to the Southeast Purchasing Managers Index produced by Kennesaw State University. Mississippi's PMI component declined to 48.2 in August from 53.1 in July, and is below the regional measure of 50.



The number of new home permits issued declined in both the nation and Mississippi during August. New home construction is slowly rebounding in Mississippi, but remains rather volatile.



Home prices in Mississippi have declined at a slower pace compared with the United States as a whole over the past several years. Both Mississippi and the nation recorded small declines in the second quarter of 2012 when compared to year-ago prices.



FHFA House Price Index: Q2 2012	1-yr % change	5-yr % change	10-yr % change
United States	-0.6	-17.5	17.5
Mississippi	-0.8	-6.4	22.3
Gulfport-Biloxi	-3.6	-19.5	22.3
Hattiesburg	1.3	-5.1	28.4
Jackson	-2.2	-5.3	19.8

Source: Federal Housing Finance Agency, Haver Analytics

Source: Federal Housing Finance Agency, Haver Analytics, Federal Reserve Bank of Atlanta

