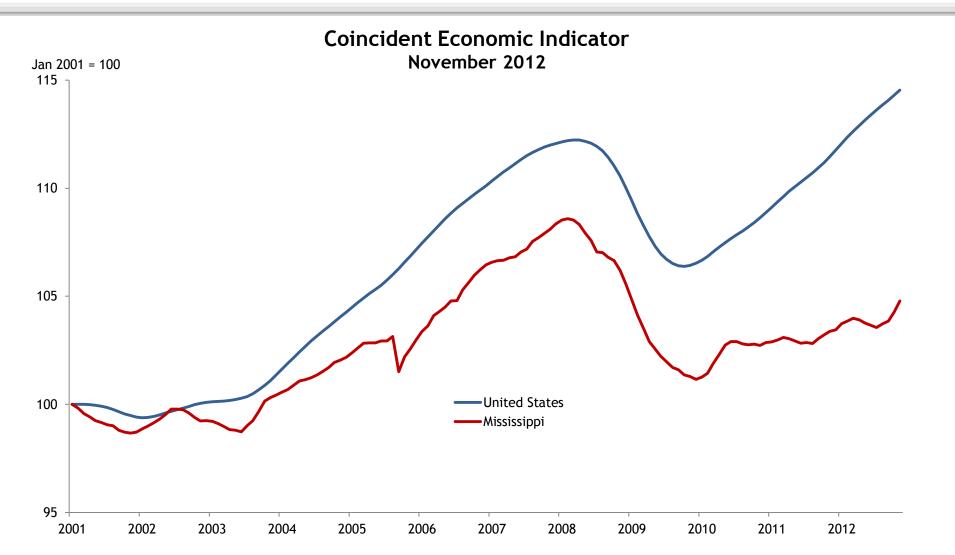
Data Digest: Mississippi

January 2013



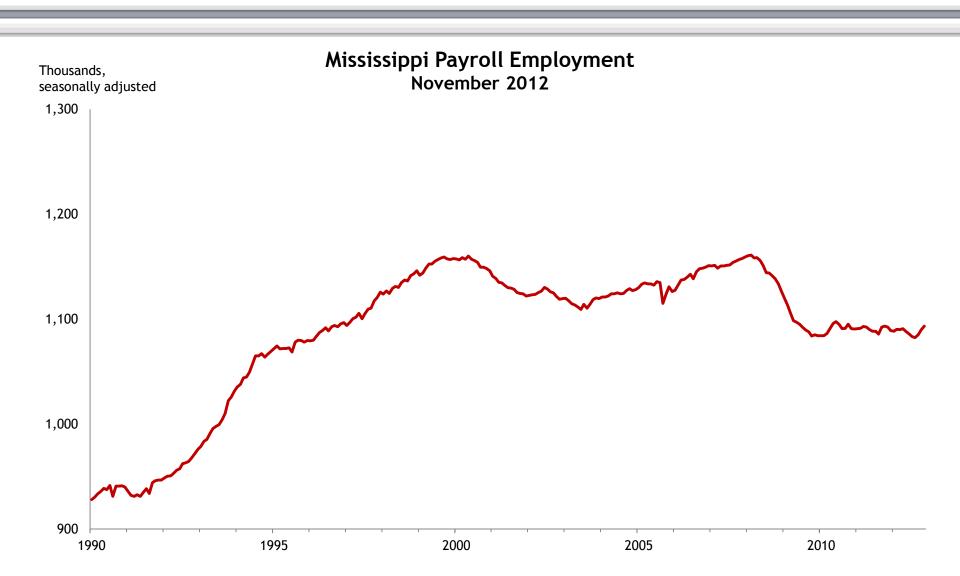
Mississippi's economic activity measure is off recession lows, yet remains rather weak.





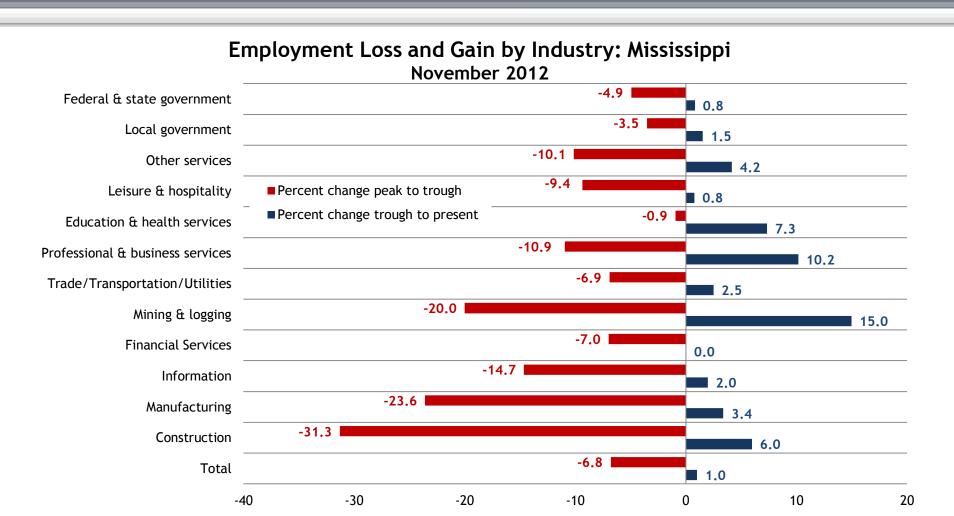
Source: Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia

Total employment in Mississippi increased again in November, but it has been basically flat since 2010.



Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Haver Analytics

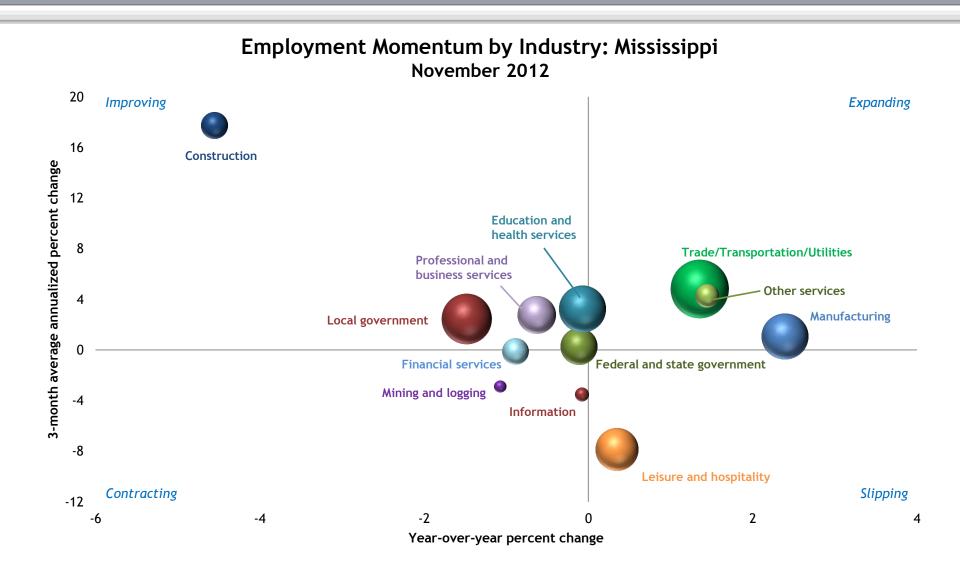
All industries lost jobs during the economic downturn; construction, manufacturing, and mining and logging saw significant declines. Led by mining and logging, professional and business services, and education and health services, most sectors have regained jobs.



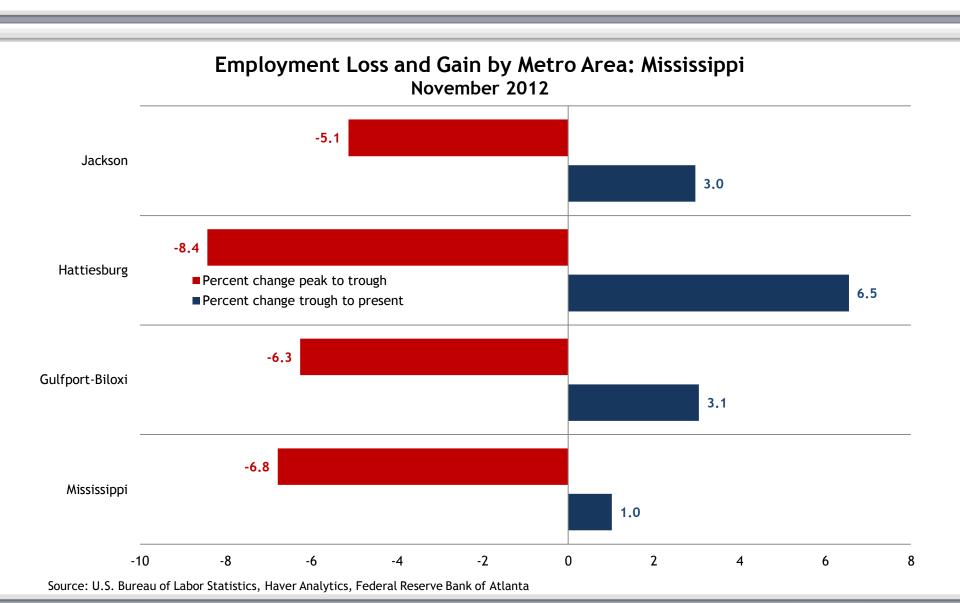
Note: A reading of 0.0 in the "trough to present" measure indicates that employment continues to decline in these industries. Likewise, a reading of 0.0 in the "peak to trough" measure indicates that employment continues to increase in these industries; in this instance "trough to present" is the percent change from January 2007 to present.

Employment momentum in trade/transportation/utilities, manufacturing, and other services expanded in November. Leisure and hospitality momentum slipped, and mining and logging, information, and financial services contracted.

About Employment Momentum

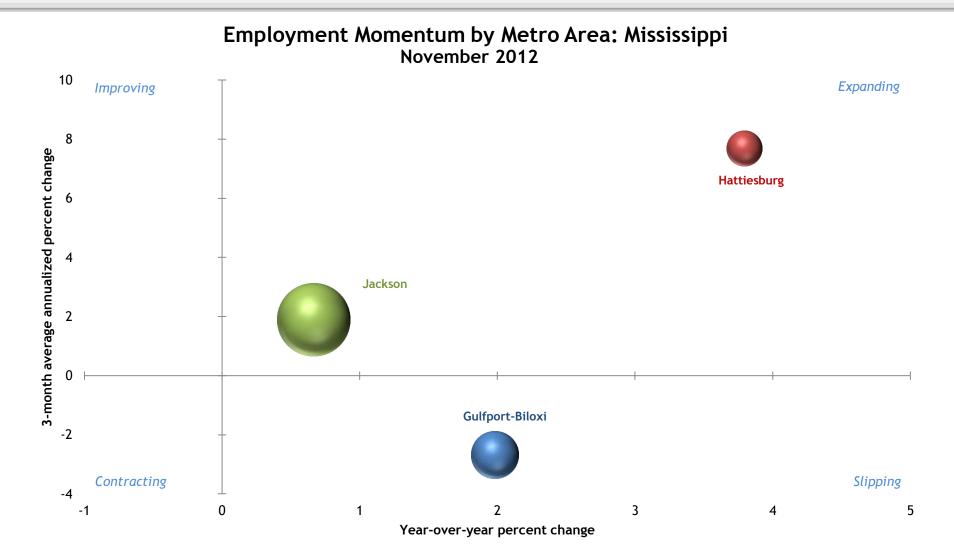


Employment losses in Mississippi and its metro areas were significant during the downturn, but each of the state's metro areas is slowly recovering. Hattiesburg is leading the way, having regained 6.5 percent of the jobs it lost.



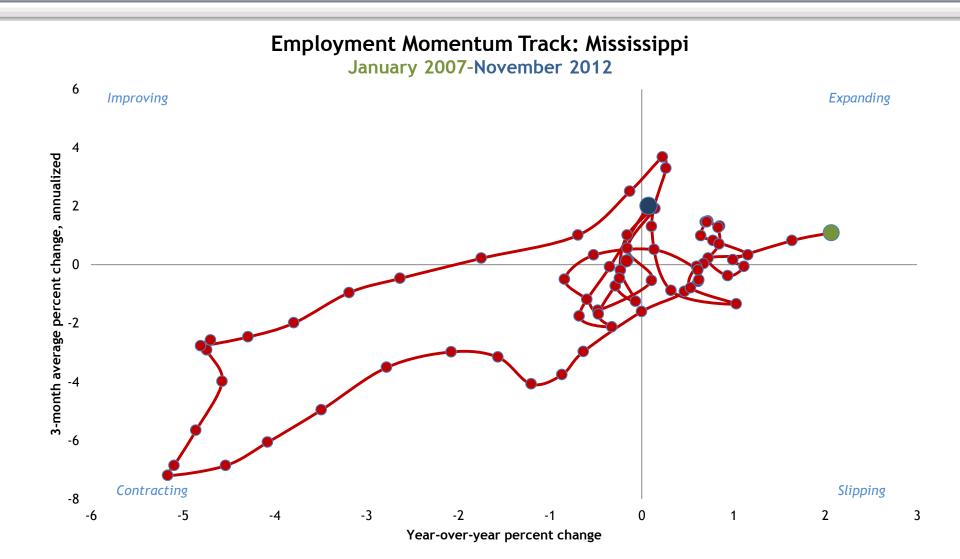
Employment momentum in Hattiesburg and Jackson expanded in November, but Gulfport-Biloxi remained in the "slipping" quadrant.

About Employment Momentum

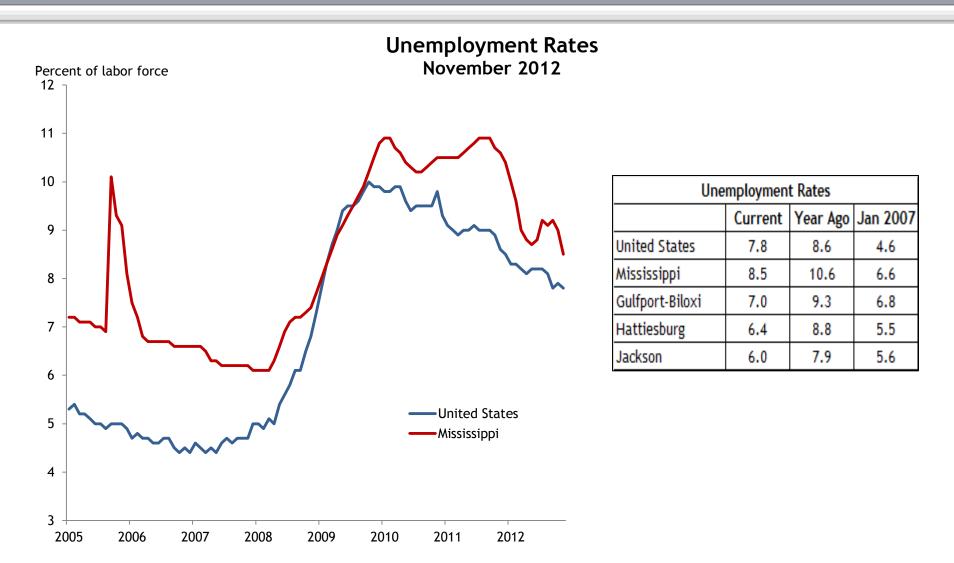


Mississippi's employment momentum moved into the "expanding" quadrant in November for the first time since November 2011. Momentum has varied over the past year and had been in the "contracting" quadrant since June.

About Employment Momentum Track

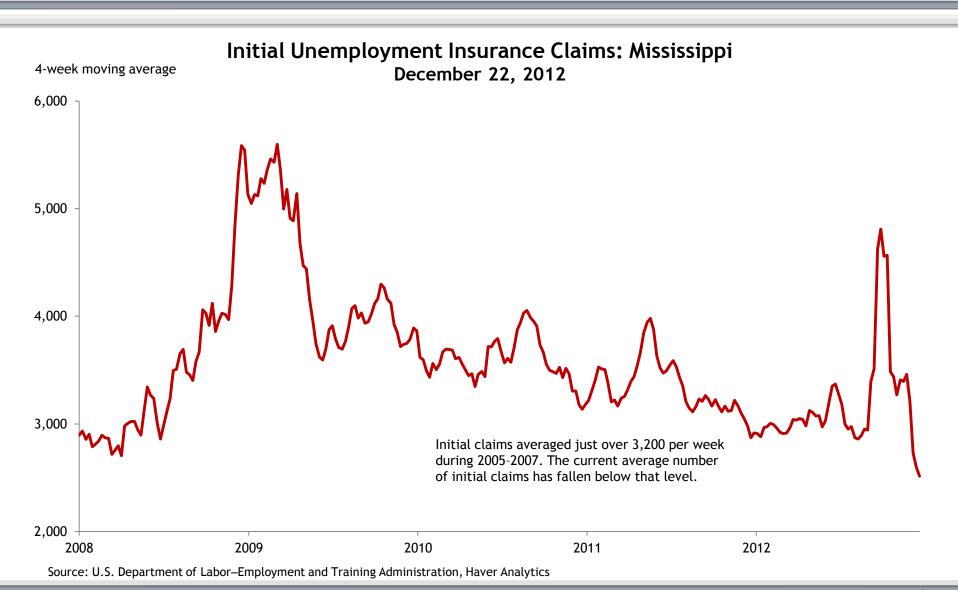


Mississippi's unemployment rate dropped again in November. It remains higher than the national average, but is well below its year-ago rate. The unemployment rates in each of the state's three major metro areas also fell and are below their year-ago rates.

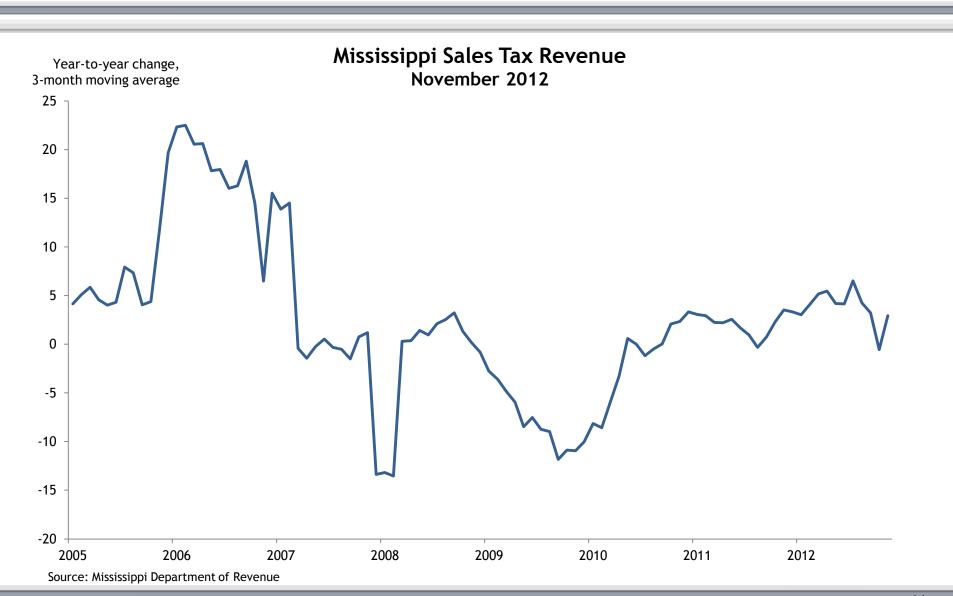


Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Haver Analytics

Initial claims for unemployment insurance in Mississippi declined during the second half of 2011 and remain below the peak number of claims registered during late 2008. Average initial claims are at their lowest point since early 2007.



State sales tax revenues for November are ahead of year-ago figures.

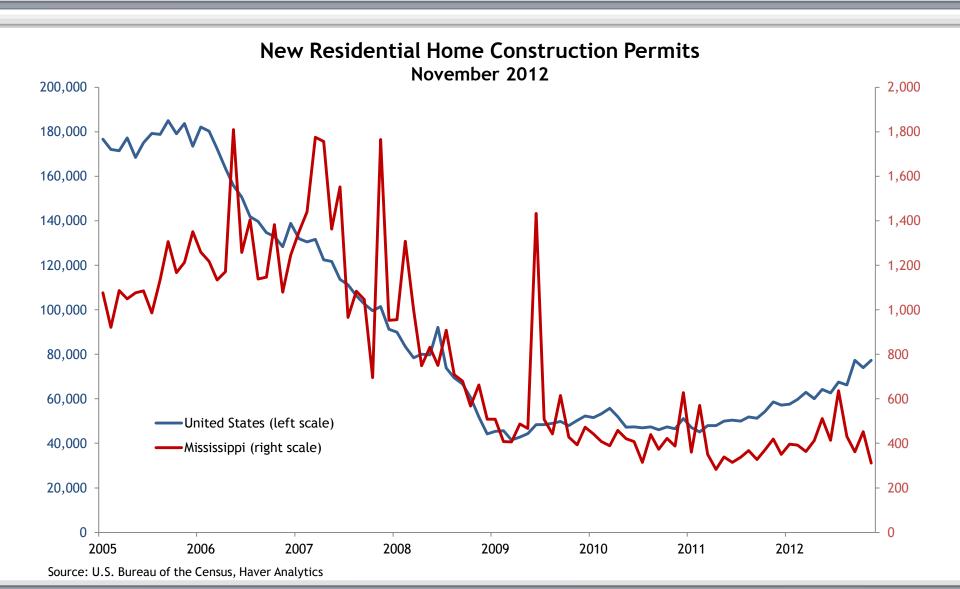


Regional manufacturing activity decelerated in November, according to the Southeast Purchasing Managers Index produced by Kennesaw State University. Mississippi's PMI component fell sharply from 51.8 in October to 41.3 in November, below the regional measure of 46.2.

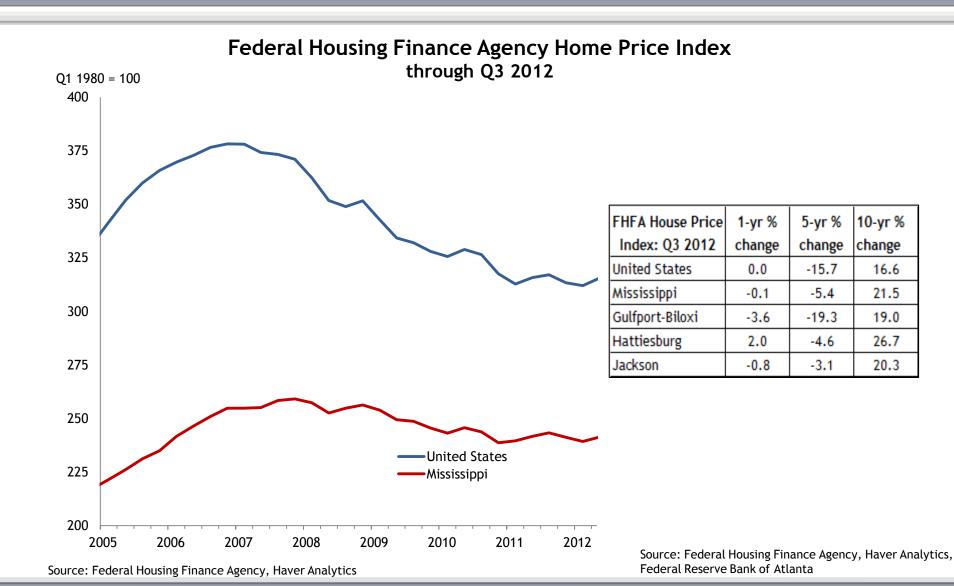


Source: Kennesaw State University, Coles College of Business Econometric Center

The number of new home permits issued in Mississippi during November declined from the previous month. New home construction is slowly rebounding in Mississippi, but remains rather volatile.



Home prices in Mississippi have declined at a slower pace compared with the United States as a whole over the past several years. Both Mississippi and the nation recorded small increases in home prices during the third quarter of 2012.



For additional sources of information, see our Local Economic Analysis Research Network membership at www.frbatlanta.org/rein/learn/map/learn_members.cfm.